

Geography

Geography

- 1 Interpret, use and construct maps, globes, and other geographic tools to locate and derive information about personal directions, people, places, and environments (The World in Spatial Terms).** [SS.G.1](#)

- 2 Describe the physical and human characteristics of place and explain how the lives of people are rooted in places and regions (Places and Regions).** [SS.G.2](#)

- 3 Describe and explain the physical processes that shape the earth's surface and create, sustain, and modify the cultural and natural environment (Physical Systems).** [SS.G.3](#)

- 4 Identify, explain, and analyze how the earth is shaped by the movement of people and their activities (Human Systems).** [SS.G.4](#)

- 5 Analyze the interaction of society with the environment (Environment and Society).** [SS.G.5](#)

- 6 Explain geographic perspective and the tools and techniques available for geographic study (Uses of Geography).** [SS.G.6](#)

- 7 Analyze the world and account for consequences of human/environment interactions depicting the geographic implications of world events.** [SS.G.7](#)

- 8 Explain components of the Earth's physical systems and their interrelationships (e.g., landforms, bodies of water, atmosphere, and geologic factors).** [SS.G.8](#)

- 9 Identify factors that contribute to human and physical changes in places and regions.** [SS.G.9](#)

- 10 Identify and define the world's physical and cultural regions, including political and historical characteristics, and their interdependence in regard to trade, services, migration, and cultural values.** [SS.G.10](#)

- 11 Analyze populations with regard to life expectancy, infant mortality rates, population pyramids, migration, and birth and death rates.** [SS.G.11](#)

- 12 Evaluate the impact of migration on physical and human systems.** [SS.G.12](#)

- 13 Analyze growth, decline, and development of cities over time.** [SS.G.13](#)

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- 14 Compare and contrast the impact of competition for limited resources on an interdependent global economy (e.g., distribution, sustainability, conflict, and resolution).** [SS.G.14](#)
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- 15 Examine global social and political factors and their implications.** [SS.G.15](#)
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- 16 Analyze ethnicity, nationalism, and religion of regional cultures in a global society (e.g., major world religions, various ethnic groups, and rigidity of societal norms).** [SS.G.16](#)
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- 17 Analyze the influence of geographical features on the evolution of significant historic events and movements.** [SS.G.17](#)
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- 18 Analyze the impact of technology or its lack on environments and societies over time.** [SS.G.18](#)
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- 19 Analyze connections between physical geography and isolation from the world community which result in cultural and political instability.** [SS.G.19](#)
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- 20 Identify causes and draw conclusions about landless cultures.** [SS.G.20](#)
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- 21 Compare and contrast standards of living in poverty-stricken areas with advanced societies (e.g., basic needs, education, economic opportunities, and technological advances).** [SS.G.21](#)
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- 22 Utilize various geographic information systems to gain insight into people and their place in the world.** [SS.G.22](#)
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Application

- 23 Career options.** [SS.G.23](#)
- 1 Identify careers in geography. [SS.G.23.1](#)
 - 2 Identify resources to help select geography programs for further study. [SS.G.23.2](#)
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- 24 Educational requirements.** [SS.G.24](#)
- 1 Identify degree requirements for geographers and geography-related careers. [SS.G.24.1](#)
 - 2 Identify resources to help select geography programs for further study. [SS.G.24.2](#)
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- 25 Vocational applications of geography.** [SS.G.25](#)
- 1 Discuss ways in which geography addresses domestic and global issues. [SS.G.25.1](#)
 - 2 Identify careers in geography that have evolved as a result of domestic and global issues. [SS.G.25.2](#)